

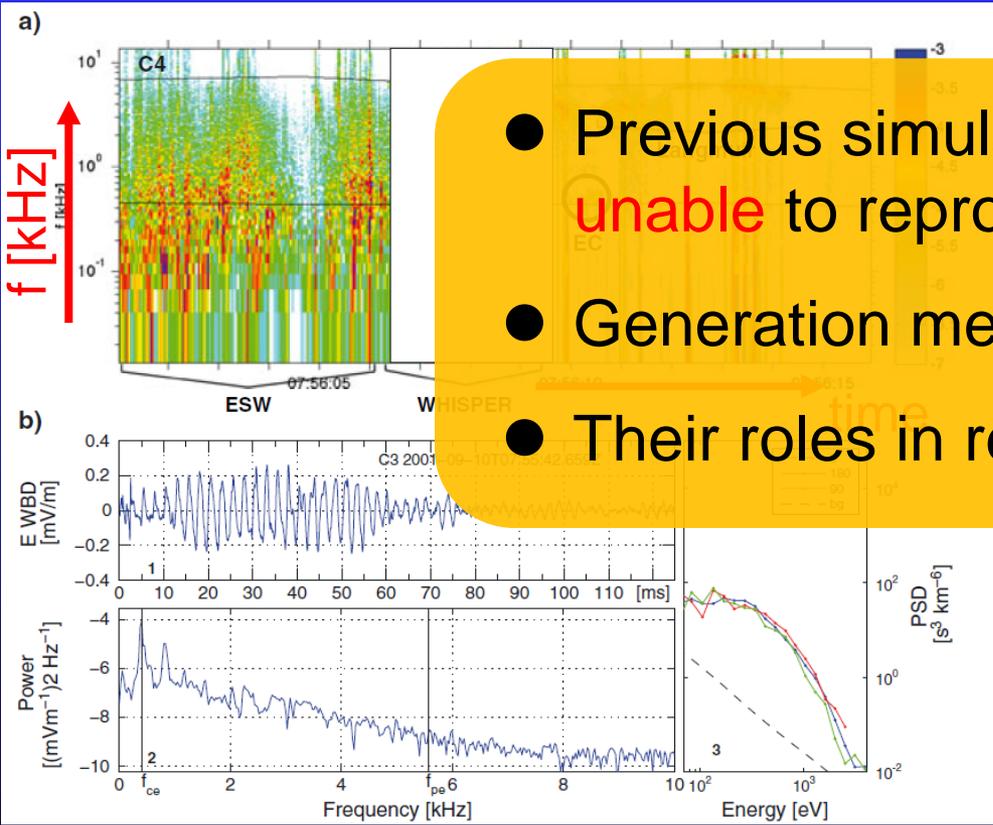
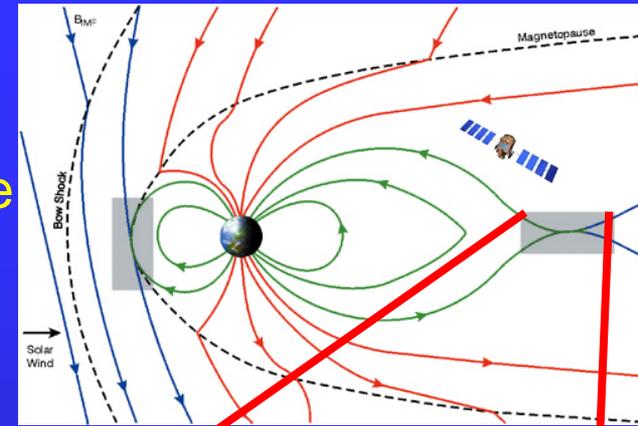
# Waves and Electron Acceleration in the Separatrix Regions of Magnetic Reconnection

Keizo Fujimoto

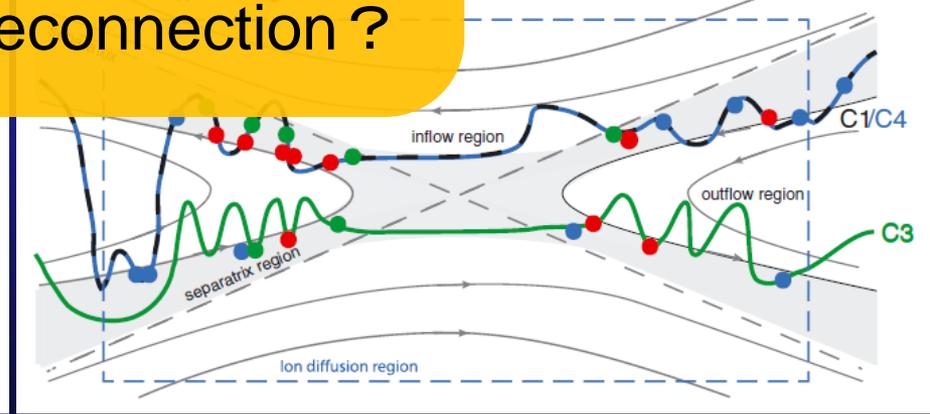
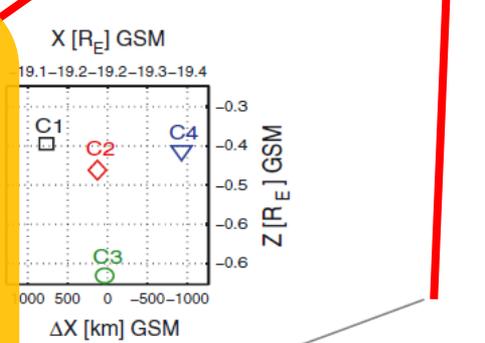
Division of Theoretical Astronomy, NAO, Japan

# Waves in MRX Region: Obs.

EC (Electron cyclotron: Whistler) → Electromagnetic  
 Langmuir (plasma oscillation)  
 ESW (Electrostatic Solitary Wave) → Electrostatic



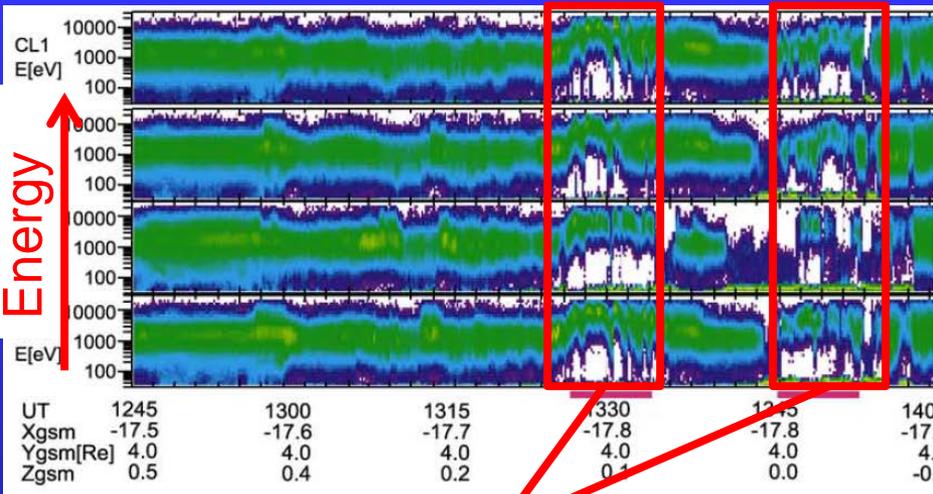
- Previous simulations were **unable** to reproduce them.
- Generation mechanisms?
- Their roles in reconnection?



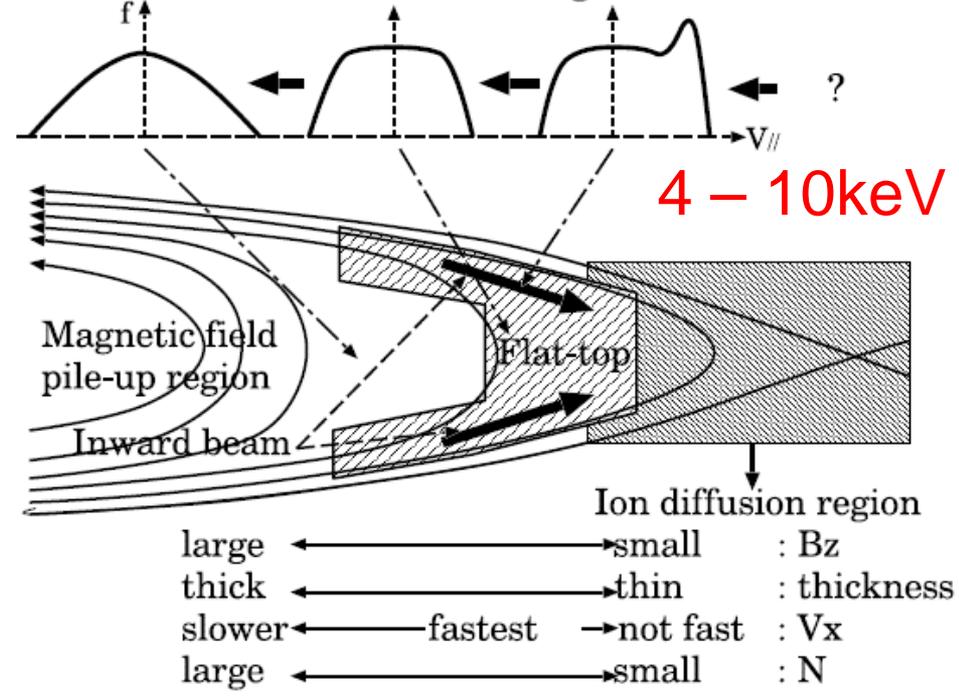
[Viberg et al., GRL, 2013]

# Electron Energetics: Observations

[Asano et al, JGR, 2008]



Maxwellian with supra-thermal components (thermalization)  
 Isotropic flat-top distribution (scattering)  
 Significantly accelerated beam (acceleration)



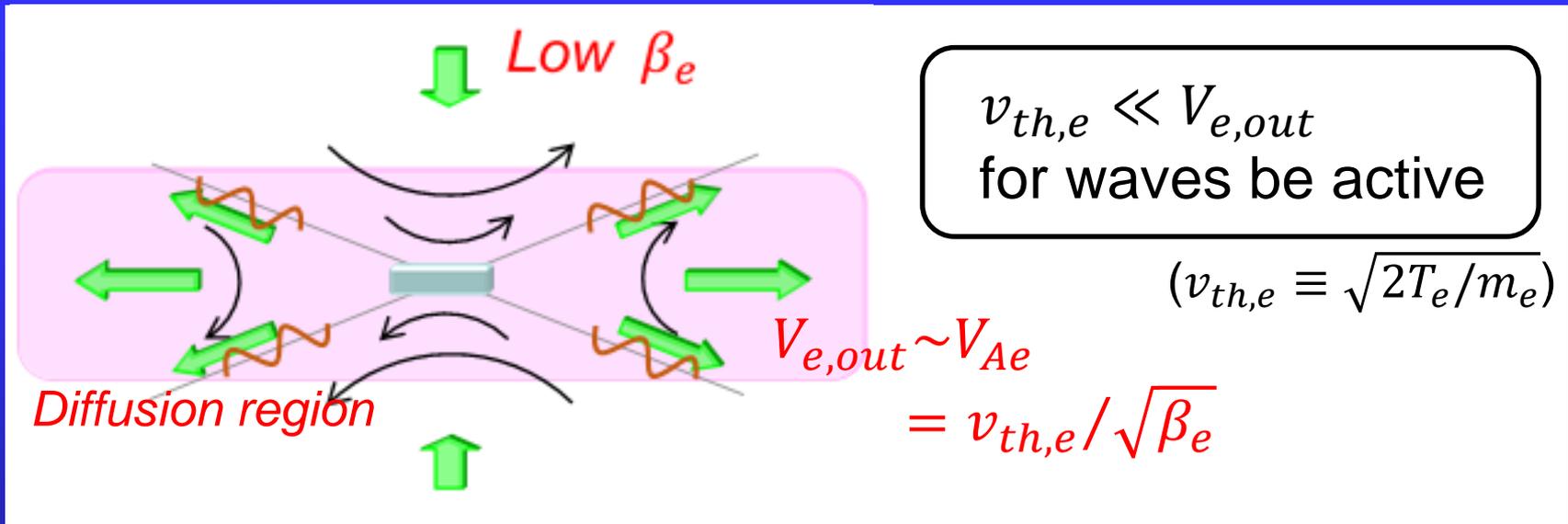
Reconnection region

- High energy electrons around separatrices
- “Flat-top” electrons

# Purpose of This Study

- To understand **the generation mechanisms** of the waves in the separatrix regions of anti-parallel reconnection using particle-in-cell simulations, and
- To clarify **the roles of the waves** in reconnection, in particular, in electron acceleration.

# Strategy of the PIC Simulation



$$V_{e,out} \sim V_{Ae} = (m_i/m_e)^{1/2} (n_b/n_0)^{-1/2} V_{A0} \propto 1/\sqrt{\beta_e}$$

## More realistic parameters

$m_i/m_e$ : 100  $\rightarrow$  400

$n_b/n_0$ : 0.2  $\sim$  0.3  $\rightarrow$  0.04 AMR-PIC

Long-time evolution :

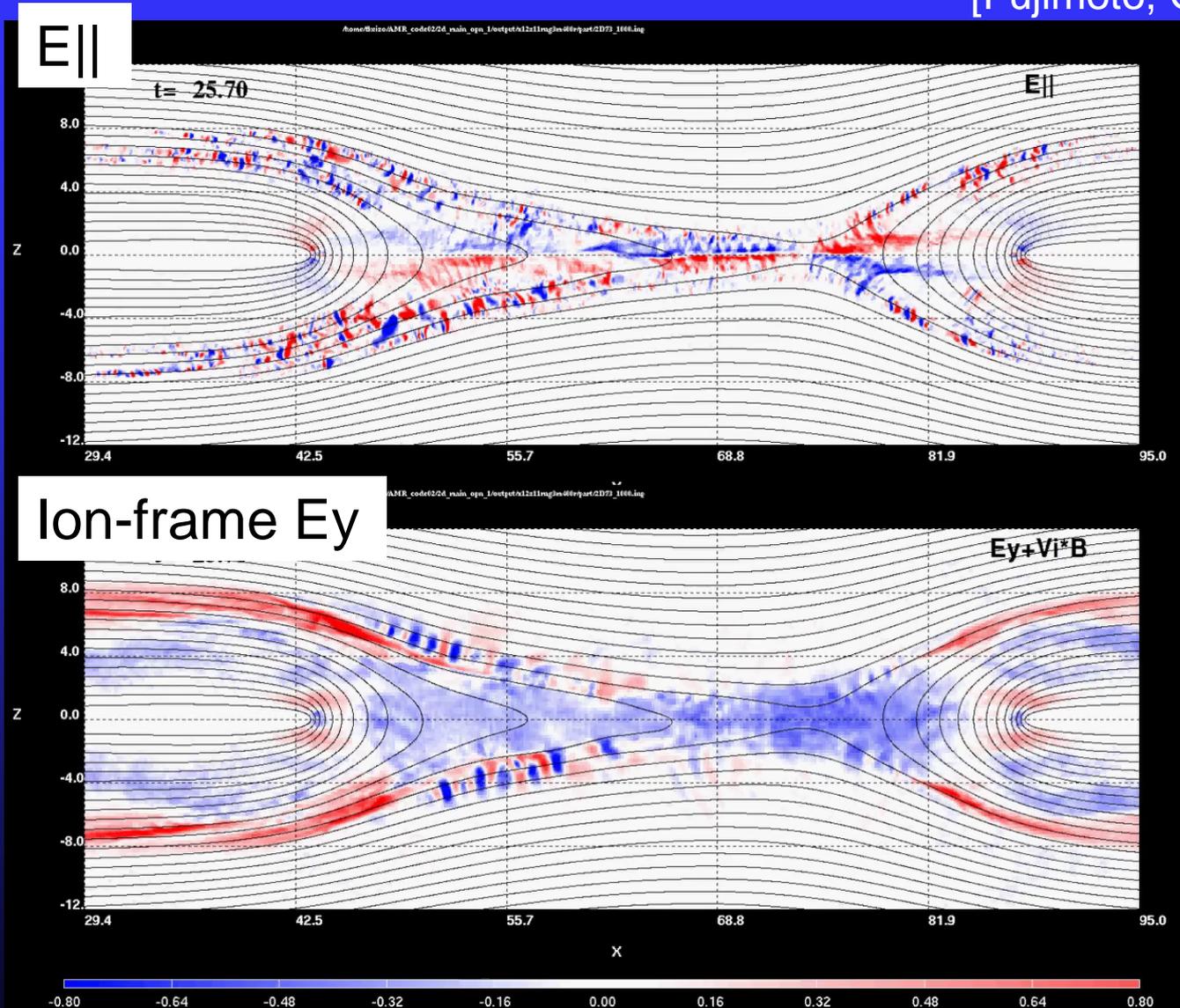
Periodic  $\rightarrow$  Open boundary

$N_p$ :  $\sim 10^{10}$

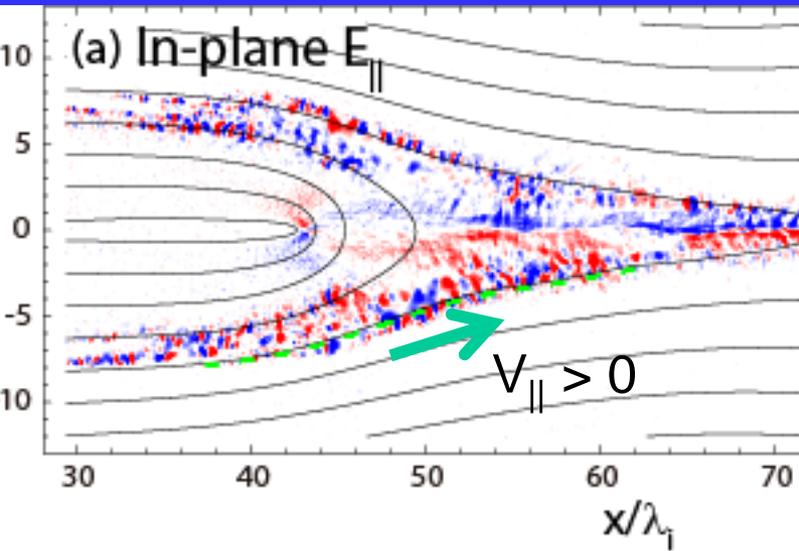
Memory:  $\sim 1$  TB

# Wave Activities Around Separatrices

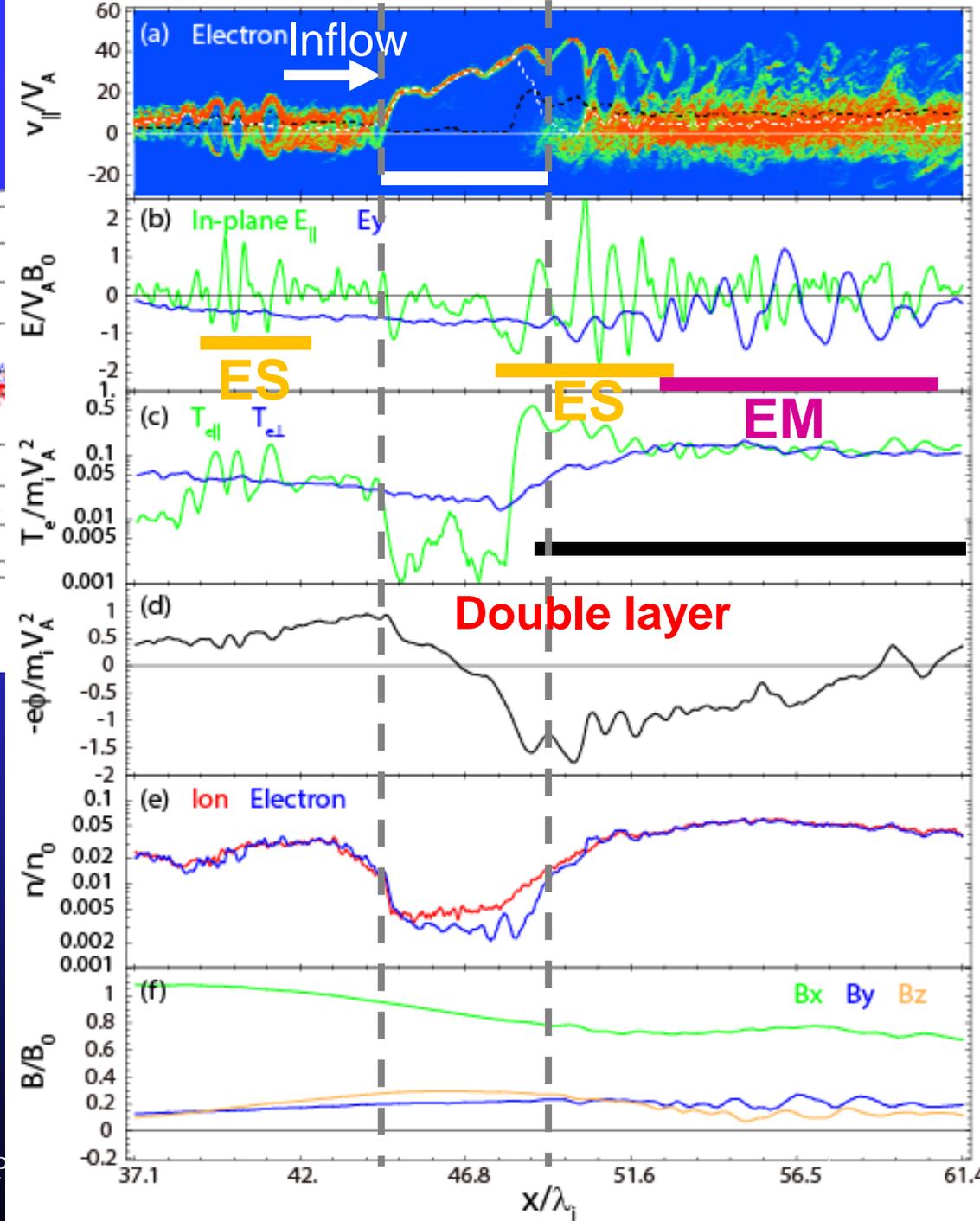
[Fujimoto, GRL, 2014]



# Wave Activities



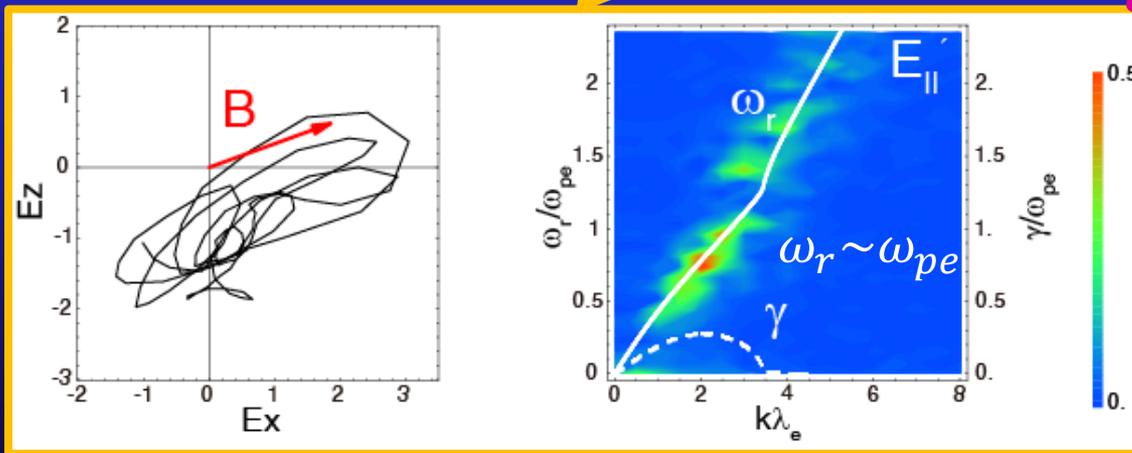
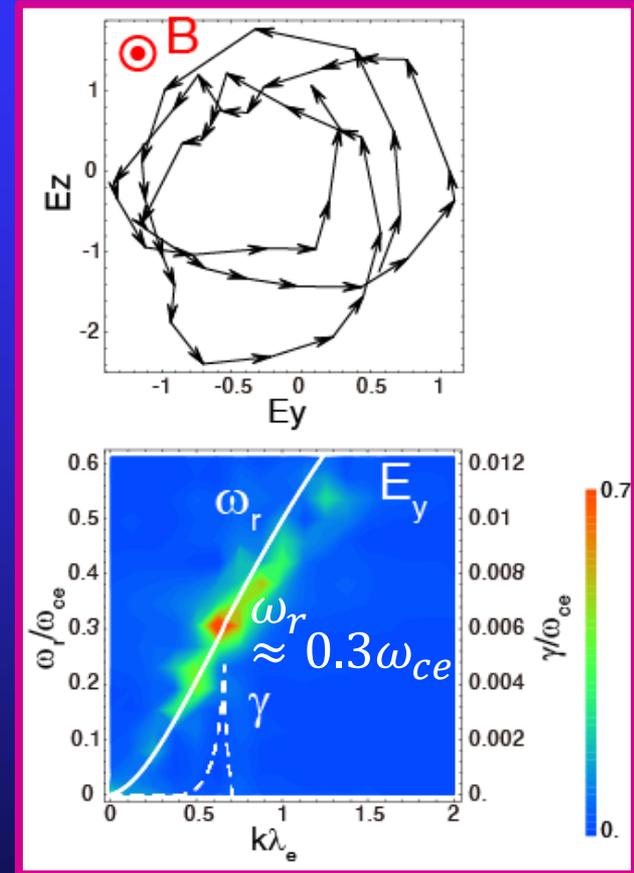
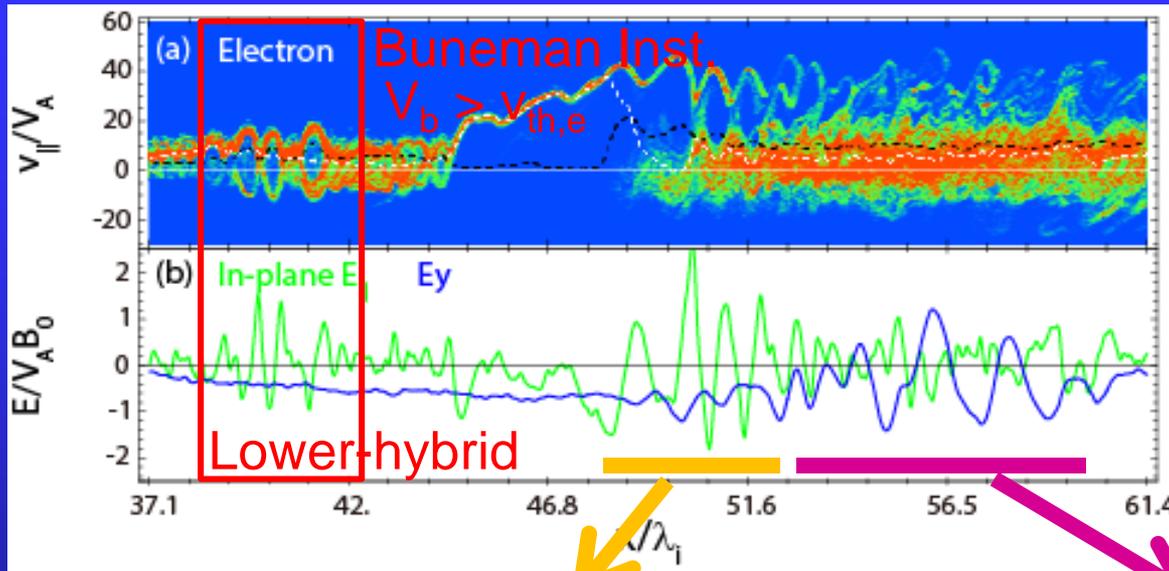
- Weak waves
- Strong  $e^-$  acceleration due to double layer
- Intense wave activities
- Electron heating



# Wave Generation Mechanisms

Linear analyses

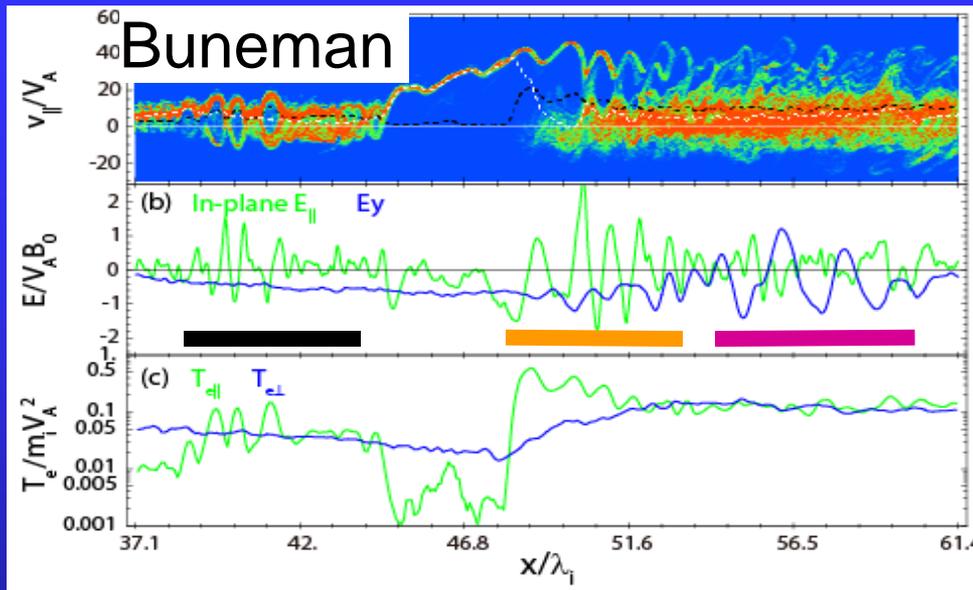
$$\omega = \omega_r + i\gamma$$



Electron-electron 2-stream instability

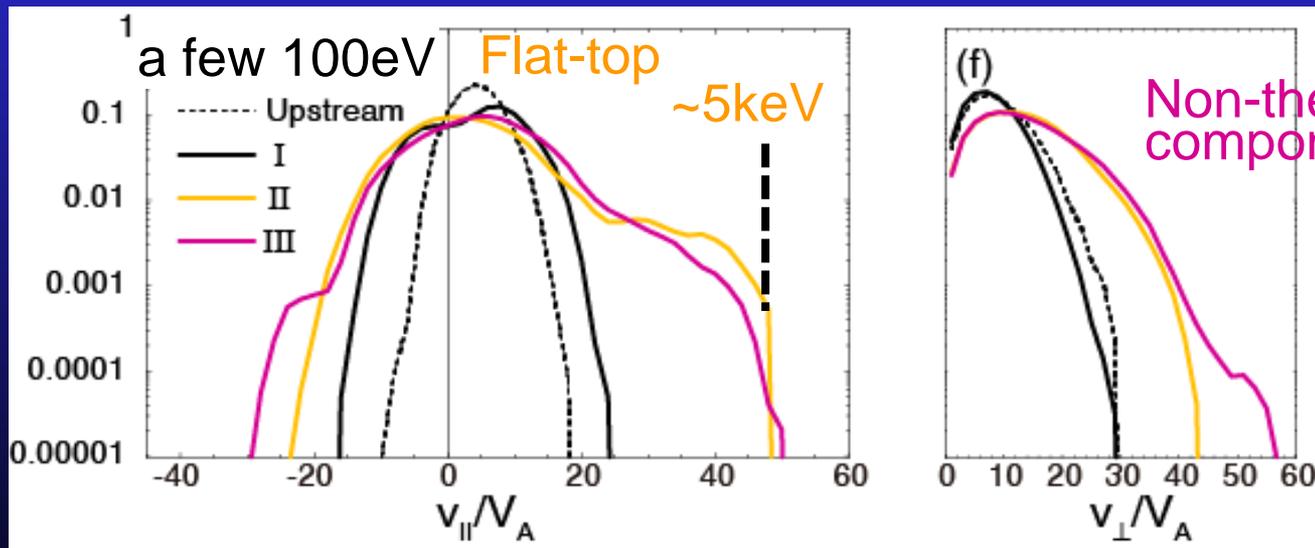
Beam-driven whistler instability

# Roles of the Waves



Electron-electron  
2-stream instability

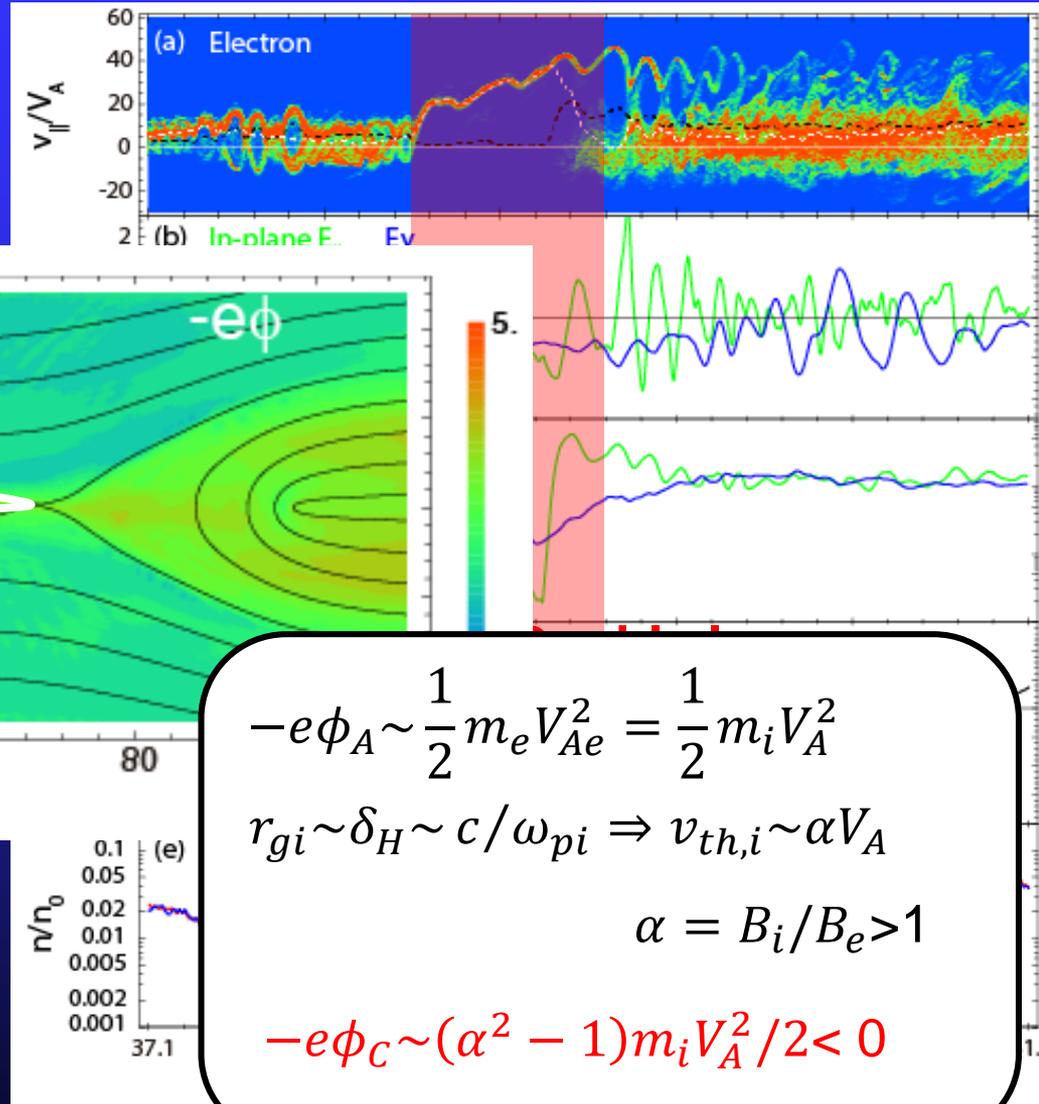
Beam-driven  
whistler instability



Non-thermal  
component

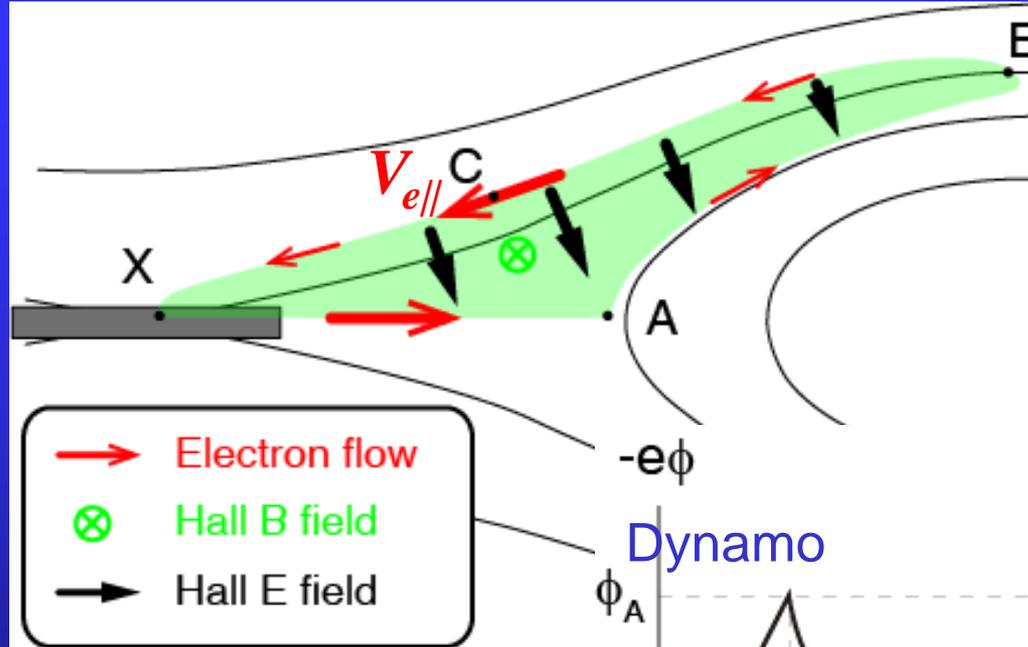
# Electron Acceleration Mechanism

Acceleration due to localized double layer



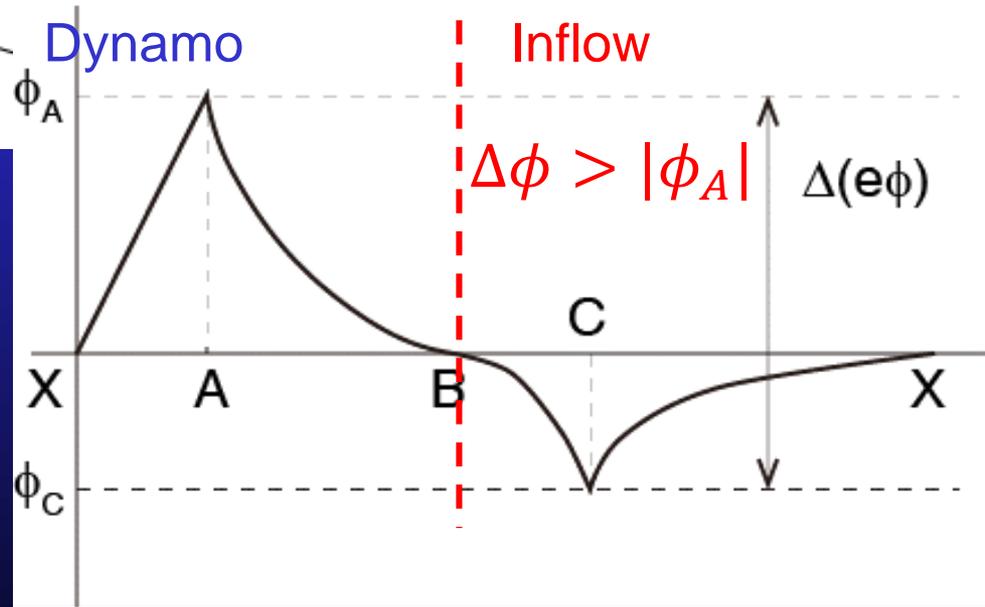
Ion-electron decoupling motion determines the potential structure.

# Electron Acceleration Mechanism



At point C

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_{e\parallel} &\approx \sqrt{2e\phi_C/m_e} \\
 &\sim \sqrt{\alpha^2 - 1} V_{Ae} \\
 &\propto \beta_e^{-1/2}
 \end{aligned}$$



## Summary [Fujimoto, GRL, 2014]

The generation mechanisms of the waves in the separatrix regions have been identified for anti-parallel reconnection.

Key parameters are **realistically low plasma beta**.

The waves are responsible for “**flat-top**” and **non-thermal electrons**.

The waves are useful to diagnose the electron dynamics in the reconnection region by means of on-going and/or up-coming satellite observations.

Guide-field cases will be investigated as a next step.

